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Urban District of Wirksworth



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

and

Public Health Inspector

for the year

1958

W. S. G. Christie, M.B., Ch.B.
Medical Officer of Health

J. Taylor, F.F.S. M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.,
Public Health Inspector.



WIRKSWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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CHAIRMAN OF COUNCIL:- Councillor J.W. Porter, J.P.
VICE CHAIRMAN:- Councillor A. Hallows
MEMBERS:- Councillor B.H. Brooks
" Mrs. M.W. Brown
" W.H. Doxey, J.P.
" K. Gell
" N. Harrison
" D. Kneebone
" J.J. Slack
" J.F. Slater
" Miss A.V. Stafford, C.C.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

(a) Medical Officer of Health
Dr. W.S.G. Christie, M.B., Ch.B.
West End House, Wirksworth, Derbys.
Tel: Wirksworth 34

(a) Public Health Inspector.
J. Taylor, F.F.S., M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.
Tel. Wirksworth 40

Jan. - March Housing Maintenance: E. Barnett
May - December Housing Officer: A.W.J. Mabbutt

Water Bailiff
W. Webber

Clerk
Jan. - Oct. Miss E.M. Prince
Oct. - Dec. Mrs. J.R. Moore

Rodent Operator
Wm. Doxey (Foreman).

(a) Salaries contributed to under Exchequer Grants.

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WIRKSWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Report of the Medical Officer of Health for 1958.

To the Chairman and Members of the
WIRKSWORTH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour of presenting my Annual Report to you. Apart from a change in the presentation of the Vital Statistics, the report follows the usual lines. It has been found that Reports vary considerably when it comes to the Statistics relating to mothers and infants, and it has been difficult for the department of the Ministry of Health to make comparisons. Accordingly, the Minister has asked Medical Officers to include specific statistics for the area and it has set out the figures in the order shown below.

The population figure remains the same as last year, and the births and deaths compare favourably. Apart from the epidemic of chicken-pox, you will see there was relatively little infection and no resultant deaths. Cardiac-vascular lesions account for the majority of deaths, and Cancer in various forms is still high on the list as a "killer".

The work of the Public Health Department is well illustrated by the variety of inspections and reports recorded in these pages.

Domiciliary Health Services.

The nursing service in the home is appreciated by doctor and patient alike. Home-Helps, I find, are not always as easy to place, but for short-term service, are very useful. The elderly sick in the home present their difficulties and often times, Hospital accommodation for them is not easy to come by. It has not been found possible in this district to augment the services for the chronic sick and infirm.

The First Ten Years of the National Health Service.

It is now ten years since the inception of the National Health Service, and in this time achievements have been considerable. In the light of past experience, improvements continue to be made. At the same time there appear to be difficulties and anomalies for which one can see no hope of remedy. The Hospital Services generally still appear to be strained by overcrowding and there are instances of long waiting periods. The same may be said of

the General Practitioner Service, and there are comments throughout the country on the varied short-comings and their remedies. As a part-time M.O.H. engaging in General Practice, I have first-hand knowledge of this service, and in my opinion, a twenty-four hour duty day, every day of the week, without provision for adequate relief, can never prove satisfactory. Even in cases of illness of a doctor, a Locum is quite often most difficult to come by.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

Thanks to immunisation, Diphtheria is becoming a 'rare' disease, but it is still deadly, and there is no room for complacency. Indeed, according to statistics, in proportion to the number of notifications, the percentage of fatal cases has increased in the last few years. In 1956, the figure rose to 15% The dramatic decrease in the number of cases of Diphtheria in the country demonstrates the striking success of the Diphtheria Campaign, e.g.

1948	Notifications 3,575	Deaths 156
1957	Notifications 37	Deaths 6

This, however, must not be misunderstood by the general public as implying absolute elimination, rather than elimination conditioned upon the adequate level of immunisation. There must be no apathy on the part of parents, if we are to continue to keep this dread disease under control.

A similar vigil is necessary on small-pox, and vaccination must not slip into the background. Parents have a duty to their children to avail themselves of every possible protection against Infectious Diseases. In this connection too, there is the relatively new prophylactic treatment for Poliomyelitis. It is gratifying to note the response which is being made to this appeal.

Food Hygiene.

There is no doubt, that the public as a whole, are more 'clean food minded', and there is evidence in the food shops of improvements being installed, such as refrigerators, frozen-food cabinets, means of effective protection of foods on display counters, and so on. There is, however, still not much progress in the actual "non-handling" of food, and by this I mean the greater use of serving implements, servers, forks, etc., particularly for cooked meats and

cakes. It is pleasing to see that more food-stuffs are being protected by suitable wrappings, which also largely prevent dehydration.

Conclusion.

In conclusion, I wish to express my thanks to the Chairman and members of the Council, to the Public Health Inspector, and to those who have given me assistance throughout the year. I would also like to put on record my appreciation of the many years of satisfactory service rendered by Miss Prince.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

W. S. G. Christie.

Medical Officer of Health



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GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (in acres):- 4015.

Population - R.G. figures:-

(1946)	4,643	(1947)	4,684	(1948)	4,850
(1949)	4,875	(1950)	4,897	(1951)	4,859
(1952)	4,902	(1953)	4,927	(1954)	4,950
(1955)	4,970	(1956)	4,980	(1957)	4,960
(1958)	4,960	- Estimated Mid-Year Home Population.			

Number of Inhabitated Houses:- 1,747

Number of Families or Separate Occupiers:- 1,756

Rateable Value:- £45,060

Sum represented by a Penny Rate:- £181

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

Live Births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73
Live Birth rate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.71
Stillbirths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40.71
Total Births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76
Infant Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Infant Mortality rate per 1,000 live births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.69
" " " " 1,000 legitimate births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14.28
" " " " 1,000 illegitimate births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil
Neo-natal Mortality rate (first four weeks) per 1,000 related live births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.69
Early Neo-natal Mortality rate (First week) per 1,000 related live births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.69
Perinatal Mortality rate (stillbirths + deaths during the first week) per 1,000 total live and still births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52.63
Percentage of illegitimate live births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.11
Maternal Deaths (excluding abortion)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil
Maternal Mortality rate (including abortion) per 1,000 total births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil

Deaths	Total	Males	Females
Deaths	68	39	29

Death Rate - per 1,000 population 13.71

Number of Women dying in/or in consequence of childbirth	Nil
From sepsis - Nil	From other causes - Nil

Deaths from Infecticous Diseases:-

Deaths from Measles	-
" " Whooping Cough	-
" " Diarrhoea (under two years of age)	-
" " Scarlet Fever	-
" " Diphtheria	-
" " Influenza	-
" " Pneumonia	5
" " Poliomyelitis	-

Deaths from other causes:-

Deaths from Diabetes	-
" " Cancer	11
" " Vascular Lesions of the nervous system	12
Deaths from Coronary Disease - Angina	10
Deaths from other Heart Diseases	13
Deaths from Nephritis	-
" " Accidents	1
" " Syphilitic Disease	-
" " Bronchitis	3

COMPARABILITY FACTORS:-

Births - 1.03 Deaths - 1.03

TUBERCULOSIS

The following table gives particulars of new cases of Tuberculosis and deaths therefrom:-

Age Periods	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0								
1								
5								
10								
15								
20								
25								
35	1							
45	1							
55								
65 & upwards								
Totals	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1925

No action has been taken under those Regulations during the year.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925, SECTION 62.

No action has been necessary under this Section during 1958

The notification of Tuberculosis appears to be satisfactory.

Other Infectious Diseases notified (other than Tuberculosis) are shown in the following table:-

Disease	Total Cases Notified	Cases Admitted to Hospital.	Total Deaths
Smallpox	None	None	None
Scarlet Fever	1	"	"
Diphtheria	None	"	"
Enteric Fever	"	"	"
Cerebro Spinal Fever	"	"	"
Puerperal Pyrexia	3	"	"
Pneumonia	2	"	"
Measles	12	"	"
Chicken-Pox	200	"	"
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	None	"	"
Erysipelas	"	"	"
Encephalitis Lethargica	"	"	"
Acute Polio-Myelitis	"	"	"
Whooping Cough	1	"	"
Meningitis	1	1	"

OPHTHALMIA NEONTORIUM

Notified	Treated in Hospital	Vision	Deaths
None	-	-	-

NURSING ARRANGEMENTS, HOSPITALS AND OTHER
INSTITUTIONS AVAILABLE FOR THE DISTRICT.

HOSPITALS:

The local Maternity Hospital under the Number 2 Hospital Management Committee of the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board now functions as an 18 Bedded Maternity Hospital and draws its cases from a wide area.

The Royal Infirmary, Women's Hospital, Children's Hospital and City Hospital, Derby, under the No. 1 Hospital Management Committee of the Regional Board, take Surgical, Medical and Gynaecological cases, and admissions are conducted on a bed-bureau system.

1. Professional Nursing in the Home.

- (a) General Nurse:- one, under the supervision of the County Authority.

2. Midwifery:

- (b) One Midwife:- under the supervision of the County Authority.

3. Clinics and Treatment Centres.

- (a) Maternity (1) At Wirksworth Maternity Hospital for Wirksworth Hospital cases only.
(2) Centre at Matlock, under the control of the County Authority.
- (b) Child Welfare Centre at Wirksworth, under the control of the County Authority.
- (c) School Clinics Centre at Wirksworth, under the control of the County Authority.
- (d) Tuberculosis Clinics Centre at Whitworth Hospital, Darley Dale. Centre also at St. Mary's Gate, Derby, both controlled by the County Authority.
- (e) Venereal Diseases Clinic At the Derbyshire Royal Infirmary, Derby.

4. Other Hospitals for the District.

- (a) Tuberculosis Derbyshire Sanatorium, Nr. Chesterfield.
- (b) Maternity (1) Wirksworth Maternity Hospital.
(2) City Hospital, Derby. (Abnormal cases admitted.)
(3) Accommodation is provided at Darley Hall Maternity Hospital, Darley Dale, Matlock.
- (c) Infectious Cases These continue to be allocated through the Bed Bureau to the Derwent & Draycott Isolation Hospitals

5. Ambulance Facilities.

- (a) Ambulance supply from Matlock and Ripley.
- (b) Derby and District Ambulances available when necessary.

LABORATORY WORK

Pathological and Bacteriological Examinations are made by the County Bacteriological Department, adjoining the Royal Infirmary, Derby.

Hospital Pathological and Bacteriological Examinations are carried out at the Royal Infirmary, Derby.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

This service continues to be carried out by the General Practitioners of the area. Children of School age can be treated at School Clinics by the School Medical Officers on request, and the "under five" children can also have treatment at the Child Welfare Clinic.

Vaccination - (Small-pox)

This service also, is carried out by the General Practitioners of the area

Vaccination - (Poliomyelitis)

Service carried out by County Clinics and by General Practitioners in the Scheme.

<u>LIST OF ADOPTIVE ACTS, BYELAWS AND LOCAL REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT.</u>	
Infectious Disease (Prevention) Act, 1890	<u>Date of Adoption.</u> 6th December, 1893
Public Health (Amendment) Act, 1890, Part III (Subject to certain conditions as to Sects. 35 and 38 Order L.G.B. No.59992 of 22nd January,1913).....	5th March, 1913
Public Health (Amendment) Act, 1907, (subject to certain conditions as to Sects. 25, 27 and 30 Order L.G.B. No.63662,29th May, 1915).....	12th July, 1915

Bye-laws:-

New Streets and buildings	-	1939
Common Lodging Houses	-	1879
Nuisances	-	1879
Cleaning Footways, Removal of House Refuse and Cleaning Closets, Privies, Ashpits and Cesspools	-	1879

Bye-laws made under Section 15 of
the Food and Drugs Act, 1949, for
securing the observance of Sanitary
and Cleanly Conditions and Practices
in connection with the Handling,
Wrapping and Delivery of Food, etc. 10th July, 1950.

Shops Act, 1912 - 28 25th August, 1930
Shops Act, 1934 26th November, 1934.

Offensive Trades Order of L.G.B.
No. 63721, of 18th June, 1915,
confirming Council's Order of
26th April, 1915, containing list
of offensive trades 26th April, 1915

Chicken-Pox Compulsory Notification
Order for Compulsory Notification 22nd February, 1926

Public Health Act, 1925, Parts II to IV,
except Section 21, 22 & 44 2nd May, 1927

Shops Acts, 1934, came into operation by
adoption 1936 1936

Derbyshire County Council Act, 1954 30th July, 1954

Bye-laws (Water).

Prevention of Waste, Undue Consumption,
Misuse or Contamination of Water 11th May, 1955

an end could only be achieved by a Parliamentary Bill.

On the 19th November a special meeting of all authorities concerned was again held at the County Offices, Matlock, when it was resolved to request the County Council to promote a Parliamentary Bill to constitute a single Joint Board for South Derbyshire.

At the time of writing this report, I understand that the Bill has now been deposited and is in Committee stage.

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

(a) Normal day to day repairs and maintenance of the Council's sewage system have sufficed to keep the Town's Public Sewers in working order and there have been no particular circumstances worthy of special report up to December, 1958.

(b) Sewage Disposal:

In common with most sewage works, great difficulty has been experienced in finding sufficient room at the Derby Road Outfall Works for Sludge Disposal. The site is a very congested one with barely an inch of spare land.

Towards the end of the year under review, the Public Health Inspector was able to successfully negotiate with an adjoining land owner for the purchase of an additional strip of land upon which to form a new sludge lagoon. Agreement was reached and the pumping of sludge on to this land commenced on the 23rd December, 1958.

LEGISLATION.

Any new legislation, i.e. Local Acts, Special Orders, General Adoptive Acts and Bye-laws relating to the public health which came into force during the year:-

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REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR FOR
THE WIRKSWORTH URBAN DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR 1958

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR:- J. Taylor, F.F.S., M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Once again I have the honour and pleasure of presenting to you my Annual Report. This report has been prepared in accordance with the instructions which I have received from the Ministry of Health under Articles 6 (3) and 17 (5) of the Sanitary Officers (outside London) Regulations, 1935 and 1951, and Article 14 (3) of the Sanitary Officers Order, 1926. In order to comply with the Ministry of Health Circular 22/58, this report follows the usual lines.

In accordance with the Minister's wish, the qualifications and duties of the Authority's Public Health Officers are published on page one of this report, together with a list indicating the Members of the Council who are concerned with matters of Public Health.

This document is the Thirteenth Annual Report which I have prepared and submitted to the Ministry of Health on behalf of the Wirksworth Urban District Council:-

GENERAL SANITARY ADMINISTRATION

Estimated Population - 4960

Estimated Number of Houses - 1747

	Number on Register	Increase or Decrease	Inspections made
Bakehouses	3 (one not in use)	-	8
Canal Boats	-	-	-
Common Lodging Houses	-	-	-
Dairies	9	- 2	135
Factories and Workplaces	27	- 3	43
Houses let in lodgings	-	-	-

	Number on Register	Increase or Decrease	Inspections made
Ice Cream Premises	20	+ 3	101
Market Stalls	28	-	52
Milk Distributors	12	- 1	128
Moveable Dwellings			
(a) Sites	1	) not registered and removal secured after informal action	5
(b) Dwellings	3		
Shops	75	-	42
Offensive Trades	-	-	-
Outworkers	4	- 1	4
Preserved Food Stores	6	-	18
Slaughterhouses (with temporary licences)	3 (2 ceased to be used)		103
Knackers Yards	-	-	-

SAMPLING

	Number of Samples taken	Meth. Blue	
		Sat. Grades 1 & 2	Unsat. Grades 3 & 4
Ice-Cream	91	85	6

	Number of Samples taken	Meth. Blue		Phosphatase		Turbidity	
		Sat.	Unsat.	Sat.	Unsat.	Sat.	Unsat.
Milk (a) Routine	108	85	-	105	-	-	-

	Positive	Negative
(b) Biological	-	15

Water

	Number of Samples taken	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
(a) Mains	26	24	2
(b) Other sources	-	-	-
(c) Swimming Baths	-	-	-

DRAINAGE

Estimated Population involved

No. of houses in district connected to sewers - 1692 4815
 No. of houses not connected to sewers - 55 145

No. of connections made during the year:-

(a) Existing Houses -
 (b) New Houses 5
 (c) Other Premises -

No. of conversions of other closets to W.C.'s - 1

STATISTICS FROM VALUATION LIST.

It is suggested that the following list of statistics will be of interest to the Council and these have been amended to date:-

<u>1. Domestic</u>	<u>Number of Hereditaments</u>	<u>R.V.</u>
(a) R.V. not exceeding £13	910	6,479
(b) R.V. exceeding £13 but not exceeding £18	271	4,332
(c) R.V. exceeding £18 but not exceeding £25	384	8,077
(d) R.V. exceeding £25 but not exceeding £40	86	2,655
(e) R.V. exceeding £40	17	860
<u>2. AGRICULTURAL</u>	27	266
<u>3. COMMERCIAL</u>	179	4,346
<u>4. LICENSED PREMISES</u>	16	1,406
<u>5. ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL</u>	12	851
<u>6. PUBLIC UTILITY</u>	8	4,419
<u>7. EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL</u>	6	1,027
<u>8. INDUSTRIAL</u>	26	9,199
<u>9. MISCELLANEOUS</u>	38	1,643
Totals	1,980	45,060

CONVERSIONS

Number of Houses converted from Pail Closets, Privies, etc. to Water Closets during the year 1958 - 1

Number of Pail Closets etc. converted to Water Closets during the past ten years:-

Years	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
Number	19	5	8	8	3	1	2	2	Nil	1

Number of Conversions of Privies into Pail Closets - Nil

Approximate number of houses at 31st December, 1958, with:-

- (a) Privy Middens - 49
- (b) Pail Closets - 81
- (c) Water Closets - 1617

HOUSING BY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

I am indeed sorry to have to report that during the whole of the year under review no new Council house building took place whatsoever.

If possible, enough houses should be built each year to meet the needs of both the general waiting list and slum clearance, but there are many factors which influence the rate of house building, not all of which are predictable.

You will perhaps recall in my 1957 report I explained that the Council's reluctance to embark on the next stage of the building programme was naturally influenced by the high rates of interest on loans which then obtained. Fortunately, the downward trend in interest rates has now begun, and I can only hope once again for an early resumption of the Council's building activities.

That there is a need for further building there can be no doubt, but the financial implications involved in such a venture are not the concern of my department.

HOUSING - GENERALLY

In my report last year I stated that owners, on the whole, were still reluctant to spend more than the bare minimum on old cottages of 50 years plus vintage. It is my duty to report that this statement still holds good, and the Public Health Officer's task has been no easier during the present year under review when dealing with the question of repairs.

The House Purchase and Housing Bill now before Parliament certainly appears to be a determined attempt by the Government to encourage modernisation of older houses and to assist people who want to buy them.

Whether or not there will be a considerable increase in the schemes for improvement of old property, when the Bill reaches the Statute Book, is, of course, a matter for conjecture.

The new system as envisaged may look attractively simple at first sight but the different requirements of a standard and an improvement grant are likely to put many owners in a quandary.

It appears that the Bill does not incorporate any administrative device for a tenant to force an owner to carry out improvements, and thus for many tenants of sub-standard houses the prospects of modern amenities may remain as remote as before.

I am confident that the question of repairs to older type cottages will still require all the powers of persuasion of the Public Health Officer, and, as always, the Public Health Department will have to act as "guide, counsellor and friend."

I have dealt with Council Housing in my preceding section of this Report and so I do not foresee much help coming from this direction to alleviate general housing needs in the district in the immediate future.

As regards individual private development there are at the time of writing this report, some eight houses under construction.

There are also possibilities of private estate developments, and, of course, the Council themselves have a large area of land available for private development, if clients are forthcoming.

I think the Members of the Council will again be interested in the following table which indicates the total number of new houses completed by both Private Enterprise and the Local Authority in the Wirksworth Urban District since building recommenced after the last war:-

Construction of New Houses up to 31st December, 1958

Local Authorities		Local Authorities and Housing Associations.		Private Builders		Demolished or closed 1.1.55 to 30.9.58
In tenders approved but not started	Under Construction	Completed since 1.4.45	Under Construction	Completed since 1.4.45		
Nil	Nil	283	8	55		29

The following table on housing statistics shows the results which have been obtained during the past year with regard to the repair and maintenance of old properties.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

W.S.G. CHRISTIE, M.B., Ch.B.
(PART TIME, HALF SALARY CONTRIBUTED)

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR AND SURVEYOR

J. TAYLOR, F.F.S., M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.
(FULL TIME, HALF SALARY CONTRIBUTED)

HOUSING.

NUMBER OF HOUSES ERECTED DURING YEAR 1958

1. By Private Enterprise - 5
2. By Local Authority - Nil

INSPECTION OF DWELLING HOUSES DURING THE YEAR:-

A. HOUSES DEMOLISHED

Not in Clearance Areas

As a result of formal or informal
procedure under Section 11,
Housing Act, 1936

B. UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED

Under Section 11, Housing Act, 1936,
and Sections 10(1) and 11(2)
Local Govt. (Misc.Prov.) Act, 1953

Under Sections 3(1) and 3(2)
Housing Act, 1949.

Parts of buildings closed under
Section 12, Housing Act, 1936.

	<u>HOUSES DEMOLISHED</u>	<u>DISPLACED</u>	
		<u>PERSONS</u>	<u>FAMILIES</u>
Not in Clearance Areas			
As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 11, Housing Act, 1936	3	4	3
Under Section 11, Housing Act, 1936, and Sections 10(1) and 11(2) Local Govt. (Misc.Prov.) Act, 1953	-	-	-
Under Sections 3(1) and 3(2) Housing Act, 1949.	-	-	-
Parts of buildings closed under Section 12, Housing Act, 1936.	-	-	-

C. UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED.

	<u>By Owner</u>	<u>By Local Authority.</u>
After informal action by Local Authority	123	-
After formal notice under (a) Public Health Acts	1	-
(b) Housing Act, 1936	1	-
Under Section 5, Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954	-	-

Common Lodging Houses.

There are no Common Lodging Houses in the area.

TENTS, VANS AND TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

Once again, the Council have continued to exercise strict control throughout the whole of their area during the year, with the result that there has been no growth of undesirable unlicensed dwellings or sites within the boundaries of the Urban District.

In the table of General Sanitary Administration, I have shown one site and three dwellings under the sub-heading of "moveable dwellings".

During July, complaints were received at my office to the effect that a number of moveable dwellings had been stationed on Plot 826 of O.S. Sheet Derbyshire XXXIX 2 (i.e. in field at the western end of Summer Lane, Wirksworth). This was not a licensed camping site and no application had been received under either the Public Health Act, 1936, Section 269, or the Town and Country Planning Act, 1947.

The removal of this encampment caused me a considerable amount of trouble and it was necessary for me to visit the site on a number of occasions. In addition to my Statutory Visits, I also accompanied the Police on two of their visits, and I am pleased to be able to report that towards the end of July, I was able to secure the removal of these moveable dwellings.

On no other occasion during the year was it necessary to take any specific action regarding individual infringements of the Acts relating to tents, vans and similar structures.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE AND DISINFECTION

In so far as disinfection is concerned, during the year 1958, there was only one case of scarlatina notified in the Urban Area. After the premises concerned had been visited and the usual advice given and disinfectant issued, the necessary isolation was secured at home. Terminal disinfection is carried out by my staff at the end of isolation whenever necessary.

DISINFESTATION

Once again no cases of bed bug infestation were brought to my notice during the year.

As in previous years, complaints were received from time to time regarding infestation of old properties with woodworm and the death watch beetle, and in all instances the occupants were given the necessary advise and instructions on how to deal with these pests.

The Council's Powder Blowers and Insecticide Sprayers were used whenever necessary with gratifying results.

WATER SUPPLY DURING THE YEAR 1958

MONTH	RAINFALL			YIELDS OF SPRINGS IN GALLONS PER HOUR 1958
	1956 inches	1957 inches	1958 inches	
January	5.79	2.43	4.03	7,900
February	1.34	3.27	4.82	10,600
March	1.34	2.90	2.21	9,800
April	1.54	.11	1.24	10,000
May	.78	1.00	3.57	8,100
June	3.44	1.36	4.09	6,150
July	3.98	4.76	4.98	6,200
August	6.325	6.42	2.50	6,350
September	2.92	7.51	3.40	6,000
October	1.77	2.72	2.72	4,900
November	1.30	2.17	1.01	6,300
December	4.04	3.06	4.25	5,200
TOTALS	34,565	37.71	38.82	

(1) (a) QUALITY:-

I have continued to take monthly samples of Public Water Supplies from both Wirksworth and the Middleton Areas throughout the year, and once again the quality of the various supplies has been maintained, any unsatisfactory samples being due to the open reservoirs and not to the actual sources of supply. The Council's Water Bailiff has continued to carry out chlorination of the supplies whenever necessary during the warmer months of the year, but he has not found this to be essential during the Winter months.

(i) (b) QUANTITY:-

Once again, as in the previous year, there was no shortage of water whatsoever in the Wirksworth Urban District during the period under review; the Council's Springs and Boreholes were quite adequate to meet the needs of the district, and in fact kept plenty in reserve.

(ii) TESTING AND SAMPLING:-

Twenty-six samples in all were submitted to the County Bacteriologist and to the Director of the Public Health Laboratory during the year and, of these, twenty-four were satisfactory and two unsatisfactory. The reason for the two unsatisfactory samples which came from the Main Town Supplies is explained in paragraph (i)(a) above.

DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL

Public Health Laboratory

County Offices, St. Mary's Gate, Derby

Bacteriological Water Reports

Lab. Ref. No. A.1863/57

Authority: Wirksworth U.D.C.

Source of Sample: Town Hall, Wirksworth

Date of Receipt: 3.1.58

Age in Hours: 1

CL.WELCHII: Not done

PRESUMPTIVE COLIFORM COUNT:

Probable number of coliform bacilli present - Nil per 100 ml.

DIFFERENTIAL COLIFORM TEST:

Probable number of faecal B. Coli = ----- per 100 ml.

Bacteriologically the sample of water is suitable for drinking purposes.

Date: 4.1.58

J.L.G. Iredale
County Bacteriologist

PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY SERVICE

WATER

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Authority: Wirksworth U.D.C.

Source of Sample: House, Main Street,
Middleton.

Lab. Ref. No. W.297/58

Sender's Ref: No.2

Date of Report: 13.3.58

Date and hour of collection 11.3.58 3.15 p.m.

Date and hour of arrival 11.3.58 3.40 p.m.

Plate Count. Yeastrel agar 24 hours 37° C. aerobically - not done - per ml.
Probable number of coliform bacilli, MacConkey 2 days, 37° C. - nil - per 100 ml.
" " " Bact. coli (type I) ---- per 100 ml.

Remarks: Bacteriologically, this sample is suitable for drinking purposes.

J.L.G. IREDALE.
Director.

Authority: Wirksworth U.D.C.
Source of Sample: Town Hall, Wirksworth

Lab. Ref. No. W.1069/58
Sender's Ref: No.1
Date of Report: 6.6.58

Date and hour of collection 4.6.58 13.45
Date and hour of arrival 4.6.58 2.40

Plate Count. Yeastrel agar 24 hours 37° C. aerobically - not done - per ml.
Probable number of coliform bacilli. MacConkey 2 days, 37° C. - nil - per 100 ml.
" " " Bact. coli (type I) ----- per 100 ml.

Remarks: Bacteriologically, this sample is suitable for drinking purposes.

V. SHAW
for Director.

Authority: Wirksworth U.D.C.
Source of Sample: Mr. B. Gratton, Amber Cottage,
Main Street, Middleton.

Lab. Ref. No. W.2034/58
Sender's Ref. No.2
Date of Report: 3.9.58

Date and hour of collection 1.9.58 10.15
Date and hour of arrival 1.9.58 10.45

Plate count. Yeastrel agar 24 hours 37 C. aerobically - not done - per ml.
Probable number of coliform bacilli, MacConkey 2 days, 37° C. - Nil - per 100 ml.
" " " Bact. coli (type I) ----- per 100 ml.

Remarks: Bacteriologically, this sample is suitable for drinking purposes.

J. L. G. IREDALE
Director.

Authority: Wirksworth U.D.C.
Source of Sample: Town Hall, Wirksworth. Raw water.

Lab. Ref. No. W.2893/58
Sender's Ref. No. 1
Date of Report: 5.12.58

Date and hour of collection 3.12.58 9.45
Date and hour of arrival 3.12.58 10.45

Plate count. Yeastrel agar 24 hours 37° aerobically - not done - per ml.
Probable number of coliform bacilli, MacConkey 2 days, 37° C - Nil per 100 ml.
" " " Bact. Coli (Type I) ----- per 100 ml.

Remarks: Bacteriologically, this sample is suitable for drinking purposes.

J. L. G. IREDALE
Director.

(iii) Plumbosolvent Action: It is not necessary in this Urban District to take any precautionary measures in respect of plumbosolvent action with regard to present sources of supply.

(iv) Contamination: The only unfit samples taken during the year were those two to which I have already referred in para. (ii) under the sub-title of "Testing and Sampling", and once again the trouble in the Main Town Supplies can be attributed to the open reservoirs; suitable cleaning and dosing with Chloros being the only remedy available.

(v)

APPROXIMATE FIGURES FROM INFORMATION AVAILABLE

(a) Number of Dwelling Houses supplied from Public Water Mains direct to houses	1677
(b) Number of Population supplied from Public Water Mains direct to houses	4784
(c) Number of Dwelling Houses supplied from Public Water mains by means of stand pipes	52
(d) Number of Population supplied from Public Water Mains by means of stand pipes	156

REFUSE COLLECTION

Collections during the year have been consistently good and the only time when a weekly collection was not maintained was following a public holiday or the workmen's holidays during the summer, or during inclement weather such as heavy snowfalls. Even when the men were taking their holidays, collections were very rarely more than one day in arrears and then for one week only.

Garden Refuse:- Garden refuse continues to be placed in household dustbins

in large quantities, and this, particularly following the Easter holidays, when such activities naturally gain a new impetus after the winter rest, gives rise to an amazing amount of extra refuse to be removed. Perversely, this public holiday is the only one (except Christmas) when the men have two or more days off duty. The Christmas holiday, of course, brings a problem, even more accentuated, with weight of refuse as the important factor, due particularly to increased ash and cinder.

It is unfortunate once again that the Refuse Collection Department experienced long periods of absence from duty by men employed on this work, but although complaints, (due to labour shortage and other reasons) at one time were common, it is gratifying for me to report that very few complaints indeed are ever received nowadays in respect of this important service. In order to maintain collections it has, of course, been necessary for me to allocate labour from other departments.

However, I do feel that the generally satisfactory position referred to above is in itself a tribute to the men engaged on refuse collection, who, through fair weather or foul, stick to their job admirably.

This work of emptying dustbins is at best a dirty and thankless task, and in really bad weather is one that demands fitness in no small degree

Small wonder that repetitive jobs inside a factory with "music while you work" are preferred to this. All praise, therefore, to the staff who have made it possible for this public service to be maintained.

In addition to the work of refuse collection, a weekly collection of pail and privy closets was also carried out. The Wirksworth Town Refuse was dealt with at the Hopton Refuse Tip and the Middleton-by-Wirksworth Refuse at Middleton Tip.

COST OF REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL FOR 1958

(a) Total cost per head per week for weekly Refuse Collection	2.38d
(b) Cost per Head for Whole Year	10s.3.76d.
(c) Cost per House for Whole Year	£1. 9s.3.9d..

Note: - These costs include a proportion of payment for the new lorry purchased in 1957

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION AND SMOKE ABATEMENT

(a) No further incidents took place during the year under review, and I had no occasion whatsoever to complain to any of the Quarries in this area until the last month of the year, when, for the first time, a complaint of dust nuisance was reported at the December Public Health Committee meeting.

The following morning I took up this question with the Manager of the Quarry concerned and I was informed that a re-grouping of all plant under one roof had now been authorised by the Managing Directors. It was felt that by moving the two Crushers which are at present some distance away from the main plant, a better system of Dust Collection could be devised.

The Manager assured me that the two cyclons and one wet spray had never broken down and that a man was constantly in attendance.

He felt that the complaints had been caused by additional production, but he had immediately carried out minor adjustments to the windows of the plant. I understand that early in the New Year the Manager of this Quarry will be invited to attend before the Public Health Committee of this Council.

	TYPE OF PROPERTY				
	Non-Agricultural				Agricultural
	(1) Local Authy.	(2) Dwelling Houses inc. Council Houses	(3) All Other (incl. Business Premises.)	(4) Total of Cols. 1 2 & 3	(5)
1. Number of properties in Local Authority's District. (Notes 1 and 2.)	8	1747	268	2023	35
2. Number of properties inspected as a result of:					
(a) Notification	-	3	1	4	1
(b) Survey under Act	8	29	86	123	-
(c) Otherwise (e.g. when visited prim- arily for some other purpose)	-	363	32	395	23
3. Total inspections carried out incl. re-inspections	-	-	-	-	-
4. Number of properties inspected (in Sect. II) which were found to be infested by:					
(a) Rats Major	-	-	-	-	-
" Minor	4	3	1	8	1
(b) Mice Major	-	-	-	-	-
" Minor	-	-	2	2	-
5. Number of infested properties (in Sect. IV) treated by the L.A. (Figures should NOT exceed those given at Section IV.)	4	3	3	10	1
6. Total treatments carried out, incl. re-treatments. (To be completed only if figures are readily available.)	10	3	5	18	1
7. Number of cases in which default action was taken following the issue of a notice under Section 4 of the Act.	-	-	-	-	-
8. Number of notices served under Section 4 of the Act:	-	-	-	-	-
(a) Treatment.					
(b) Structural Work (i.e. Proofing.)					

	TYPE OF PROPERTY				
	Non-Agricultural				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Local Authy.	Dwelling Houses, incl. Council Houses	All Other (Incl. Business Premises)	Total of Cols. 1 2 & 3	Agricultural
9. Legal Proceedings (see Below)	-	-	-	-	-
10. Number of "Block" control schemes carried out	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE 1: - With the exception of agricultural properties, a property means one which is entered separately in the Valuation Roll for the area.

NOTE 2: - (i) Premises used by the L.A. for the purposes of trade should be entered in Col. (3)

(ii) Sewers should not be included.

(iii) Combined dwelling and business premises, where occupied by the same person, should be regarded as business premises and should be entered in Col. (3) Where the dwelling and business parts of the premises are in separate occupation, separate entries should be made in Cols. (2) and (3).

NOTE 3: - For the purpose of completing Sections II, IV and V, each property should be entered once only in respect of inspections, infestations or treatments.

11. Where legal proceedings have been instituted by the Local Authority brief particulars should be given.

No statutory action was found to be necessary throughout the period under review.

12. Any other points of interest:

1. Increase in the number of Dwelling Houses due to new buildings erected during the year.

2. Reference to my last year's report will remind you that permanent Warfarin baiting points had been established on the Hopton Lane Tip. All baiting points are adequately protected from the weather and have once again proved eminently satisfactory. This tip, being situated in the Country and surrounded by agricultural lands has remained remarkable free from infestation.

3. Inspections are carried out by the Surveyor and by the Foreman in

the normal course of their numerous duties - in addition to the specific inspections for Rodent Control. The figures shown in Sect.11 (c) are not, of course, total inspections carried out to all properties within the Wirksworth Urban District, but are those which it is felt can be properly allied to Rodent Control under Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949.

FOOD AND MEAT INSPECTION

MEAT

Once again throughout the whole of 1958, 100% meat inspection of all animals slaughtered within the District has been carried out in the Wirksworth Urban Area. On those occasions when I have been absent from the District, the reciprocal arrangements with the Matlock Health Inspector have operated.

The following tabular statement sets out the information required by the Ministry regarding the post-mortem inspection of animals.

Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part.

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed (if known)	170	-	-	456	24	-
Number Inspected	170	-	-	456	24	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	27	-	-	183	1	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci.	15.88%	-	-	40.10%	4.16%	-

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Tuberculosis only Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	16	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	9.41%	-	-	-	-	-
Cysticercosis Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to be treated by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

The number of carcasses examined by me in the Matlock Area will, of course, be included in the Matlock Health Inspector's Report.

I have received no official complaints regarding the quality of meat delivered to local Butchers during the year 1958 from Wholesale Meat Suppliers.

Towards the end of the period under review, however, I was requested by the Derbyshire County Council to inspect some offal which had been delivered to the Wirksworth Grammar School. Upon my visit to this school, I found it necessary to condemn the whole consignment.

F O O D

FOOD PREPARATION ROOMS

Inspection of the Registered Food Preparation Rooms in your area have proved that a good standard has been maintained.

FOOD PREMISES.

1. In accordance with the Ministry of Health instructions the following tables have been compiled and show the number of food premises in the area, by type of business.

<u>Type of Business</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number of these Shops which in addition sell Ice-Cream.</u>
(a) Grocery and Provisions	22	13
(b) Sweets and Confectionery	5	3
(c) Fish and Chips	3	-
(d) Greengrocers	4	1
(e) Newsagents, Ice-cream and Sweets	2	1
(f) Pork Butchers	2	-
(g) Butchers	6	-
(h) Chemists (Food and Drugs)	1	-
(i) Cafes	2	-
(j) Bakers and Confectioners	2	-
(k) Public House selling ice-cream to Public	1	1
(l) Guest House selling ice-cream to Public	1	1
Total	51	20

2. (a) Number of Food Premises, by Type, registered under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act:-

Sausage and Meat Manufacture - 6
Ice-Cream 20

(b) Number of Dairies Registered under the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949:- 9

3. Number of Inspections of Registered Food Premises:-

These numbers will be seen by reference to the table of General Sanitary Administration on the first page of my report and informative comment will be found throughout this report under the individual headings which follow.

4. Educational Activity:

With the approval of the Medical Officer of Health various posters and wall sheets on clean food and the dangers of food poisoning have been displayed in the area. The subject matter of these posters is, of course, changed from time to time.

5. Disposal of Condemned Food:

Condemned Food is disposed of locally, either by incineration wherever possible, or, failing this, on the Council's Refuse Tips.

6. Special Examination of Food:

There were no outstanding instances during 1958 when it was necessary for me to make a special examination of any particular foodstuffs, and no

inspection of large or special consignments of food was necessary.

7. Ice-Cream Regulations:

The Medical Officer of Health and I have jointly inspected two additional shops where it was desired to sell ice-cream and after our recommendations had been carried out, the premises were registered by the Council. The total registration of premises for the sale of Ice-Cream now stands at 20. Only one of the 20 registered retailers of ice-cream actually manufactured this article during the year, and again relied exclusively on the cold mix method. All these premises have been regularly visited by me and monthly samples have been taken wherever possible and submitted to the Director of the Public Health Laboratory Service for examination.

The following table shows the results of the samples which I have taken on your behalf during the year 1958.

Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Total
71	14	5	1	91

The above results mean that, out of a total of 91 samples taken by me six were unsatisfactory and in each instance the matter was taken up immediately with the manufacturer. Steps were taken at once by me to have the remaining ice-cream stocks withdrawn by the manufacturers concerned and replaced with fresh ice-cream the same day.

Liaison with the various firms of manufacturers has been of the highest order and I have no complaints to register regarding the way in which these firms, most of them of national repute, collaborate. In fact, I have on record in writing their thanks for so promptly dealing with these matters and for supplying all details in order to enable their laboratories to carry out full investigations.

To my mind, the above results more than repay the time and trouble taken in sampling, and I think the above figures speak for themselves.

In all cases, whatever the results, copies of the Laboratory Reports have been forwarded to the respective retailers so that they are kept fully informed. Many retailers continue to display these results in their shop premises for the information of the purchasing public.

I have continued to carry out routine inspections under this heading and it is gratifying to be able to report that, for the most part, all the shops in the Wirksworth and Middleton Areas have now been brought up to a satisfactory standard in order to comply with these regulations. There are three outstanding cases where improvements are necessary and I shall be requesting my Council to take action in respect of these premises in the New Year.

I am pleased to report that following my visits to certain shops, the owners have carried out additional improvements to those which I originally requested attention, and I do feel that in most cases the Tradesmen themselves are becoming more hygiene conscious; the refrigerator type of display cabinets are becoming increasingly popular and I am pleased to record that a number are now being installed in the Wirksworth and Middleton shops.

In accordance with paragraph 5 of the Health Circular, 22/58, I have to report that no prosecutions were instigated by my Council under the Food Hygiene Regulations throughout the period under review.

FOOD POISONING OUTBREAKS.

1. Local Authority: Wirksworth Urban District Council Year 1958

2. (a) Food Poisoning Notifications (Corrected) as returned to Registrar General.

<u>1st</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>2nd</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>3rd</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>4th</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

(b) Cases otherwise ascertained

<u>1st</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>2nd</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>3rd</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>4th</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

(c) Fatal Cases

<u>1st</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>2nd</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>3rd</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>4th</u> <u>Quarter</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

3. Particulars of Outbreaks

Details of each outbreak to be given in Appendix D (ii)

	Number of Outbreaks		Number of Cases		Total Number of Cases
	Family Outbreaks	Other Outbreaks	Noti- fied	Other- wise Ascer- tained	
Agent Identified *	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Agent not Identified	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

4. Single Cases

	Notified	Number of Cases otherwise Ascertained.	Total number of cases
Agent Identified *	Nil	Nil	Nil
Agent not Identified	Nil	Nil	Nil

* To be classified according to agents.

- (a) Chemical Poisons (type to be stated)
- (b) Salmonella (type to be stated)
- (c) Staphylococci (including toxin)
- (d) Cl. Botulinum
- (e) Cl. welchii
- (f) Cl. bacteria (to be named).

5. Salmonella Infections, not food-borne.

Salmonella (Type)	Outbreaks		Number of cases (Outbreaks)	Single Cases	Total number of cases (Outbreaks & single cases).
	Family	Other			
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

DAIRIES

FOOD AND DRUGS (MILK AND DAIRIES)

ACT, 1944

MILK AND DAIRIES REGULATIONS, 1949

(a) Routine sampling of Pasteurised Milks has been carried out by me during 1958, and a total of 93 samples have been submitted to the County Bacteriologist and the Director of the Public Health Laboratory for examination. Of these, 70 were pronounced satisfactory under the Methylene Blue Test and 93 satisfactory under the Phosphatase Test.

The reason for the discrepancy between the number of samples taken and the number of Methylene Blue Tests carried out, is explained by the fact that in 23 instances this test was not carried out owing to the shade temperature exceeding 65° F.

Once again the above results speak for themselves, of course, and when one realised that there were no failures out of 93 samples taken by me in your area, then this is indeed an excellent result. I feel sure the Council will agree that the sampling undertaken bears positive proof of the high standard of the milk sold to the Public in this area, and when results such as these can be obtained over a period of one year it is obvious that organised sampling has the desired effect.

(b) In addition to the above designated milk samples, 15 samples of Raw T.T. Milk were taken by me from two farms and submitted to the County Bacteriologist for Methylene Blue Tests and Biological Tests. In all 15 samples a condition of tuberculosis was not found in guinea pigs by post mortem examination forty-two days after inoculation, and these were, therefore, pronounced satisfactory under the Biological Tests.

Generally

M I L K

On no occasion during the year have I found it necessary to draw the attention of either the Milk Wholesalers or Retailers to any particular items of complaint, and I think it fair to state that the District as a whole is well supplied with a choice of designated milks from various sources.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938

The following results and particulars of samples taken in this district on behalf of my Council by the Derbyshire County Council Food and Drugs Authority have once again been supplied to me by the County Analyst, Mr. R.W. Sutton, B.Sc., F.R.I.C., F.C.S.

23 samples, including 7 milks, were taken under the above Act in the area of the Wirksworth Urban District Council during the year 1958.

All samples on analysis were found to be satisfactory.

A sample of Tomato Ketchup submitted by your Council was examined following a complaint of unusual taste. There was no evidence of metallic contamination, no unusual constituent was detected, and abnormal taste in comparison with other samples was not confirmed.

FISH - FRYING PREMISES

The three Fish Frying Premises in this Area have all received routine inspections during the year, and I am pleased to be able to report that the conditions obtaining therein are satisfactory.

In July one of these establishments in the Wirksworth Town Area, the premises of which had been closed for some time, was completely refitted throughout and re-opened to the Public. A new range was provided, together with "Formica" fittings, a new sink, new "Marco" refrigerator and extensive redecoration. In addition, plans were submitted and approved and a new preparation room was constructed at the rear. This business is now a first-class establishment.

No alterations have been carried out to the other Fish-frying establishment situated in Wirksworth, but the owner has now made application under the Town and Country Planning Act for permission to transfer his business to a new address. If this transfer becomes established, I shall, no doubt, be reporting further upon the matter in my next year's review.

No changes have taken place with regard to the fish frying premises situated at Middleton-by-Wirksworth.

The procedure of "Voluntary Surrender" has continued to work satisfactorily, and in no instances has it been necessary to take Statutory Action over the condemnation of diseased or unsound fish.

BAKEHOUSES

As will be seen from my statistics under General Sanitary Administration at the commencement of this report, one of the three Bakehouses in the Wirksworth Urban District still remains out of use.

The usual regular routine visits of inspection have been made to the two Bakehouses which are operating, and the following improvements have been carried out:-

At the Bakehouse situated in Middleton, new electric safety switches have been installed and new impervious surfaces (Formica and Zinc) provided to food preparation tables and counters. Limewashing and painting has also been completed. At the Wirksworth bakehouse, improvements have been carried out to the drainage system and new Formica surfaces provided on preparation tables and counters in both the bakehouse and the shop.

Generally, the standard of bread and confectionery produced from both these premises appears to be of good quality and I have had no complaints whatsoever from the public during the period under review.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937 & 1948

Herewith is my Factory Report for the Year 1958.

PART 1 OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for the purpose of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Health Inspectors.

Premises (1)	M/c Line No. (2)	No. on Regis- ter (3)	Number of		
			Inspections (4)	Written Notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted. (6)
1. Factories in which Secs. 1,2,3,4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority	1	5	8	Nil	Nil
2. Factories not included in (i) in which Sec.7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	2	22	35	34	Nil
3. Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises).	3	-	-	Nil	Nil
TOTAL		27	43	34	Nil

PART VIII OF THE ACT - OUTWORK (Sections 110 and 111)

Nature of Work (1)	M/c Line No. (2)	Section 110			Section 111		
		No.of out- workers in August list required by Section 110 (1)(c) (3)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to Council. (4)	No.of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists (5)	No. of instan- ces of work in unwhole- some premises (6)	Not- ices Ser- ved. (7)	Pros- ecu- tions (8)
Wearing apparel } Making etc.	13	4	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
} Cleaning and Washing		Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
TOTAL	70	4	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

